Treatment measures for the polio affected children

1858. SHRI ABU ASIMAZMI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of children in the country suffering from polio disease, State-wise;

(b) the increase in number of polio affected children annually during last three years, State-wise;

(c) the amount expected to be released to the State Governments for the treatment of these children; and

(d) whether every child would be fully cured by the treatment under the treatment the amount so sanctioned?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. ANBUMANI RAMDOSS): (a) The polio surveillance was started in the country from 1997 and accordingly the data on polio cases state wise is available from 1997 and is attached as per Statement-I *(See* below). The total number of cases affected by polio from 1997 are 6297.

(b) The number of polio affected children during the last three years state-wise is annexed as per Statement-II *(See* below). There is no increase in the number of polio cases during the last three years.

(c) and (d) Govt. has decided to formulate a scheme for treatment of polio affected children between the age group of 3—18 yrs in the country for their treatment and rehabilitation. A committee has been constituted, chaired by Additional Director General Health Services to formulate and recommend the scheme.

Statement-I

State-wise number of Polio cases from 1997 *to* 2006

(upto 4th August 2006)

Polio Cases for 1997 to 2006											
SI. No	Name of the State/UT	Wild Poliovirus									
		97	98	99	00	01	02	03	04	05	06
1	Andhra Pradesh	15	96	21 0	0	0 0	0	21 0	1	0 0	0 0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0		0		0		0		

Sl. No	Name of the State/UT	Wild Poliovirus									
		97	98	99	00	01	02	03	04	05	06
3	A & N Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Assam	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
5	Bihar	14	158	123	50	27	121	18	39	30	14
6	Chandigarh	0	1	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
7	Chhattisgarh	—	—	—	—	0	1	0	0	0	0
8	D & N Haveli	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Daman & Diu	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Delhi	12	47	73	3	3	24	3	2	1	0
11	Goa	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	Gujarat	103	164	9	2	1	24	3	0	1	0
13	Haryana	2	39	19	4	5	37	3	2	1	0
14	Himachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	Jammu& Kashmir	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
16	Jharkhand	.._	—	_-	—	2	12	1	0	2	1
17	Karnataka	70	71	21	8	0	0	36	1	0	0
18	Kerala	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	Lakshdweep	nr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Madhya Pradesh	22	107	17	2	0	21	11	0	**c**	1
21	Maharashtra	46	121	18	7	4	6	3	3	0	0
22	Manipur	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	Meghalaya	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	Mizoram	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	Nagaland	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	Orissa	4	49	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	0
27	Pondicherry	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	Punjab	2	9	4	0	5	2	1	0	1	0
29	Rajasthan	21	63	18	0	0	41	4	0	0	0
30	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	Tamil Nadu	48	91	7	0	0	0	2	1	0	0
32	Tripura	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	Uttaranchal	—	—	—	—	3	14	0	1	1	0
34	Uttar Pradesh	130	881	773	179	216	1242	88	82	29	138
35	West Bengal	31	26	21	8	1	49	28	2	0	1
	TOTAL:	524	1934	1126	265	268	1600	225	134	66	155

Statement-ll

State-wise number of Polio affected children from 2003 *to* 2005

SI. No.	Name of the State/UT	Polio Cases for 2003 to 2005		
		Wild Poliovirus		
		03	04	05
1	Andhra Pradesh	21	1	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0
3	A & N Islands	0	0	0
4	Assam	1	0	0
5	Bihar	18	39	30
6	Chandigarh	0	0	0
7	Chhattisgarh	0	0	0
8	D & N Haveli	0	0	0
9	Daman & Diu	0	0	0
10	Delhi	3	2	1
11	Goa	0	0	0
12	Gujarat	3	0	1
13	Haryana	3	2	1
14	Himachal Pradesh	0	0	0
15	Jammu & Kashmir	0	0	0
16	Jharkhand	1	0	2
17	Karnataka	36	1	0
18	Kerala	0	0	0
19	Lakshdweep	0	0	0
20	Madhya Pradesh	11	0	0
21	Maharashtra	3	3	0

SI. No.	Name of the State/UT	Wild Poliovirus		
		03	04	05
22	Manipur	0	0	0
23	Meghalaya	0	0	0
24	Mizoram	0	0	0
25	Nagaland	0	0	0
26	Orissa	2	0	0
27	Pondicherry	0	0	0
28	Punjab	1	0	1
29	Rajasthan	4	0	0
30	Sikkim	0	0	0
31	Tamil Nadu	2	1	0
32	Tripura	0	0	0
33	Uttaranchal	0	1	1
34	Uttar Pradesh	88	82	29
35	West Bengal	28	2	0
	TOTAL	225	134	66

Periodic health check-up

1859. SHRIMATI MOHSINA KIDWAI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether in relation to health-care, Government agrees that prevention is better than cure;

(b) if so, the steps Government propose to take to encourage the CGHS beneficiaries to undergo periodic and regular health check-up;

(c) whether Government propose to consider issuing individual health cards to its beneficiaries which would eventually contain at one place the health report of an individual and thus facilitate better treatment under CGHS;